

May 1, 2010

American Century Investments

Prospectus

VP Value Fund

Class I (AVPIX)

Class II (AVPVX)

Class III (AVPTX)

The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved these securities or passed upon the adequacy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.



American Century
Investments®

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Fund Summary

Investment Objective

The fund seeks long-term capital growth. Income is a secondary objective.

Fees and Expenses

The following table describes the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the fund. The table does not include the fees and expenses associated with your variable annuity or variable life insurance contract. Had they been included, fees and expenses presented below would have been higher.

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

	<i>Class I</i>	<i>Class II</i>	<i>Class III</i>
Redemption/Exchange Fee (as a percentage of amount redeemed/exchanged for shares held less than 60 days)	None	None	1.00%

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	<i>Class I</i>	<i>Class II</i>	<i>Class III</i>
Management Fee	0.97%	0.87%	0.97%
Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees	None	0.25%	None
Other Expenses	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.97%	1.12%	0.97%

Example

The example below is intended to help you compare the costs of investing in the fund with the costs of investing in other mutual funds. The example does not include fees and expenses associated with your variable annuity or variable life insurance contract. Had they been included, fees and expenses would have been higher. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods, that you earn a 5% return each year, and that the fund's operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	<i>1 year</i>	<i>3 years</i>	<i>5 years</i>	<i>10 years</i>
Class I	\$99	\$310	\$537	\$1,190
Class II	\$114	\$357	\$618	\$1,363
Class III	\$99	\$310	\$537	\$1,190

Portfolio Turnover

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 54% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investments, Principal Risks and Performance

In selecting stocks for the fund, the portfolio managers look for companies of all sizes whose stock price may not reflect the company's value. The managers attempt to purchase the stocks of these undervalued companies and hold each stock until the price has increased to, or is higher than, a level the managers believe more accurately reflects the fair value of the company.

The portfolio managers may sell stocks from the fund's portfolio if they believe a stock no longer meets their valuation criteria, a stock's risk parameters outweigh its return opportunity, more attractive alternatives are identified or specific events alter a stock's prospects.

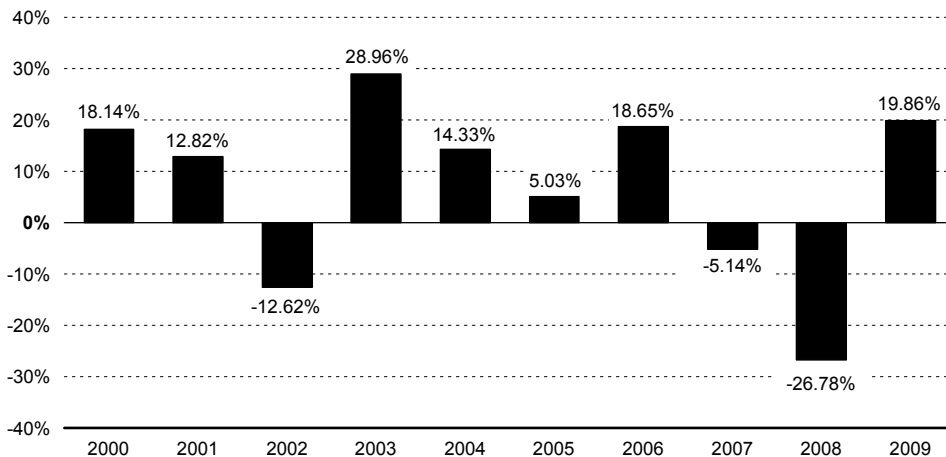
The fund's principal risks include:

- **Multi-Cap Investing** – The fund is a multi-capitalization fund that invests in companies of all sizes. The small and medium-sized companies in which the fund invests may present greater opportunities for capital growth than larger companies, but may be more volatile and subject to greater risk.
- **Style Risk** – If the market does not consider the individual stocks purchased by the fund to be undervalued, the value of the fund's shares may decline, even if stock prices generally are rising.
- **Foreign Securities** – The fund may invest in foreign securities, which may be riskier than investing in U.S. securities. Securities of foreign issuers may be less liquid, more volatile and harder to value than U.S. securities.
- **Market Risk** – The value of the fund's shares will go up and down based on the performance of the companies whose securities it owns and other factors generally affecting the securities market.
- **Price Volatility** – The value of the fund's shares may fluctuate significantly in the short term.
- **Principal Loss** – At any given time your shares may be worth less than the price you paid for them. In other words, it is possible to lose money by investing in the fund.

An investment in the fund is not a bank deposit, and it is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or any other government agency.

Annual Total Returns

The following bar chart and table provide some indication of the risks of investing in the fund. The bar chart shows changes in the fund's performance from year to year for Class I shares. The table shows how the fund's average annual returns for the periods shown compared with those of a broad measure of market performance. The table also shows returns for the Lipper Multi-Cap Value Index, which is an index of multi-cap value mutual funds and is included to show how the fund's performance compares with other funds having similar investment objectives and strategies. Fees associated with your variable annuity or variable life insurance contract are not reflected in the chart or table below. Had they been included, returns presented below would have been lower. The fund's past performance is not necessarily an indication of how the fund will perform in the future.



**Highest Performance Quarter
(2Q 2003): 15.96%**

**Lowest Performance Quarter
(4Q 2008): -17.02%**

<i>For the calendar year ended December 31, 2009</i>	<i>1 year</i>	<i>5 years</i>	<i>10 years</i>	<i>Since Inception</i>	<i>Inception Date</i>
Class I	19.86%	0.74%	5.94%	7.30%	05/01/1996
Class II	19.72%	0.61%	—	3.80%	08/14/2001
Class III	19.86%	0.74%	—	4.03%	05/06/2002
S&P 500 [®] Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	26.46%	0.42%	-0.95%	5.83% ⁽¹⁾	—
Lipper Multi-Cap Value Index (reflects no deduction for taxes)	26.59%	-0.56%	3.10%	5.89% ⁽¹⁾	—
Russell 3000 [®] Value Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	19.76%	-0.24%	2.88%	6.87% ⁽¹⁾	—

¹ Reflects benchmark performance since the date closest to the Class I's inception for which data is available.

Portfolio Management

Investment Advisor

American Century Investment Management, Inc.

Portfolio Managers

Phillip N. Davidson, CFA, Chief Investment Officer-Value Equity, Senior Vice President and Senior Portfolio Manager, has been a member of the team that manages the fund since 1996.

Michael Liss, CFA, Vice President and Portfolio Manager, has been a member of the team that manages the fund since 1998.

Kevin Toney, CFA, Vice President and Portfolio Manager, has been a member of the team that manages the fund since 2003.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

The fund only offers shares through insurance company separate accounts. For instructions on how to purchase and redeem shares through your separate account, read the prospectus provided by your insurance company. Orders for fund shares will be priced at the net asset value next determined after the order is received in the form required by the agreement between the fund, its investment advisor and/or its distributor and the insurance company from which you have purchased your separate account. There are no sales commissions or redemption charges except for Class III shares, which may be subject to a redemption fee. However, certain sales or deferred sales charges and other charges may apply to the variable annuity or life insurance contracts. Those charges are disclosed in the separate account prospectus.

Tax Information

Consult the prospectus of your insurance company separate account for a discussion of the tax status of your variable contract.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

The fund is offered as an underlying investment option for variable annuity or life insurance contracts. The fund and its related companies pay the sponsoring insurance company and its related companies for distribution and other services. These payments may influence the insurance company to include the fund over another investment as an option in its products. Ask your salesperson or visit your insurance company's Web site for more information.

Objectives, Strategies and Risks

What are the fund's investment objectives?

The fund seeks long-term capital growth. Income is a secondary objective.

What are the fund's principal investment strategies?

The portfolio managers look for stocks of companies of all sizes that they believe are undervalued at the time of purchase. The managers use a value investment strategy that looks for companies that are temporarily out of favor in the market. The managers attempt to purchase the stocks of these undervalued companies and hold each stock until it has returned to favor in the market and the price has increased to, or is higher than, a level the managers believe more accurately reflects the fair value of the company.

Companies may be undervalued due to market declines, poor economic conditions, actual or anticipated bad news regarding the issuer or its industry, or because they have been overlooked by the market. To identify these companies, the portfolio managers look for companies with earnings, cash flows and/or assets that may not be reflected accurately in the companies' stock prices or may be outside the companies' historical ranges. The managers also may consider whether the companies' securities have a favorable income-paying history and whether income payments are expected to continue or increase. Since the fund invests in companies of all sizes on an ongoing basis, it may be best characterized as a multi-capitalization value fund.

The portfolio managers may sell stocks from the fund's portfolio if they believe:

- a stock no longer meets their valuation criteria;
- a stock's risk parameters outweigh its return opportunity;
- more attractive alternatives are identified; or
- specific events alter a stock's prospects.

The portfolio managers do not attempt to time the market. Instead, under normal market conditions, they intend to keep the fund's assets invested primarily in U.S. *equity securities* at all times regardless of the movement of stock prices generally.

Equity securities include common stock, preferred stock and equity-equivalent securities, such as securities convertible into common stock, stock futures contracts or stock index futures contracts.

When the managers believe it is prudent, the fund may invest a portion of its assets in foreign securities, options, debt securities of companies, debt obligations of governments and their agencies and other similar securities.

In the event of exceptional market or economic conditions, the fund may, as a temporary defensive measure, invest all or a substantial portion of its assets in cash, cash equivalent securities or short-term debt securities. To the extent the fund assumes a defensive position, it will not be pursuing its objective of capital growth.

The fund may engage in active and frequent trading of portfolio securities to achieve its principal investment strategies. For more information, see *Portfolio Turnover* in the statement of additional information.

A description of the policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of the fund's portfolio securities is available in the statement of additional information.

What are the principal risks of investing in the fund?

The fund may invest in medium-sized and smaller companies, which may be more volatile and subject to greater short-term risk than larger companies. Smaller companies may have limited financial resources, product lines and markets, and their securities may trade less frequently and in more limited volumes than the securities of larger companies. In addition, smaller companies may have less publicly available information.

If the market does not consider the individual stocks purchased by the fund to be undervalued, the value of the fund's shares may not rise as high as other funds and may in fact decline, even if stock prices generally are increasing.

Market performance tends to be cyclical, and, in the various cycles, certain investment styles may fall in and out of favor. If the market is not favoring the fund's style, the fund's gains may not be as big as, or its losses may be bigger than, other equity funds using different investment styles.

Although the portfolio managers intend to invest the fund's assets primarily in U.S. securities, the fund may invest in securities of foreign companies. Foreign investment involves additional risks, including fluctuations in currency exchange rates, less stable political and economic structures, reduced availability of public information, and lack of uniform financial reporting and regulatory practices similar to those that apply in the United States. These factors make investing in foreign securities generally riskier than investing in U.S. securities. Securities of foreign issuers may be less liquid, more volatile and harder to value than U.S. securities. To the extent the fund invests in foreign securities, the overall risk of the fund could be affected.

The value of the fund's shares depends on the value of the stocks and other securities it owns. The value of the individual securities the fund owns will go up and down depending on the performance of the companies that issued them, general market and economic conditions, and investor confidence.

The value of the fund's shares may fluctuate significantly in the short term.

At any given time your shares may be worth less than the price you paid for them. In other words, it is possible to lose money by investing in the fund.

The fund is offered only to insurance companies for the purpose of offering the fund as an investment option under variable annuity or variable life insurance contracts. Although the fund does not foresee any disadvantages to contract owners due to the fact that it offers its shares as an investment medium for both variable annuity and variable life products, the interests of various contract owners participating in the fund might, at some time, be in conflict due to future differences in tax treatment of variable products or other considerations. Consequently, the fund's Board of Directors will monitor events in order to identify any material irreconcilable conflicts that may possibly arise and to determine what action, if any, should be taken in response to such conflicts. If a conflict were to occur, an insurance company separate account might be required to withdraw its investments in the fund, and the fund might be forced to sell securities at disadvantageous prices to redeem such investments.

Management

Who manages the fund?

The Board of Directors, investment advisor and fund management team play key roles in the management of the fund.

The Board of Directors

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the fund's advisor's management and operations of the fund pursuant to the management agreement. In performing their duties, Board members receive detailed information about the fund and its advisor regularly throughout the year, and meet at least quarterly with management of the advisor to review reports about fund operations. The directors' role is to provide oversight and not to provide day-to-day management. More than three-fourths of the directors are independent of the fund's advisor; that is, they have never been employed by and have no financial interest in the advisor or any of its affiliated companies (other than as shareholders of American Century Investments funds).

The Investment Advisor

The fund's investment advisor is American Century Investment Management, Inc. (the advisor). The advisor has been managing mutual funds since 1958 and is headquartered at 4500 Main Street, Kansas City, Missouri 64111.

The advisor is responsible for managing the investment portfolios of the fund and directing the purchase and sale of its investment securities. The advisor also arranges for transfer agency, custody and all other services necessary for the fund to operate.

For the services it provides to the fund, the advisor receives a unified management fee based on a percentage of the daily net assets of each class of shares of the fund. The management fee is calculated daily and paid monthly in arrears. Out of the fund's fee, the advisor pays all expenses of managing and operating the fund except brokerage expenses, taxes, interest, fees and expenses of the independent directors (including legal counsel fees), and extraordinary expenses. A portion of the fund's management fee may be paid by the fund's advisor to unaffiliated third parties who provide recordkeeping and administrative services that would otherwise be performed by an affiliate of the advisor.

The rate of the fee is determined by applying a formula that takes into account the assets of the fund as well as certain assets, if any, of other clients of the advisor outside the American Century Investments fund family (such as subadvised funds and separate accounts) that use very similar investment teams and strategies (strategy assets). The use of strategy assets, rather than fund assets, in calculating the fund's fee rate could allow the fund to realize scheduled cost savings more quickly. However, it is possible that the fund's strategy assets will not include assets of other client accounts or that any such assets may not be sufficient to result in a lower fee rate.

*Management Fees Paid by the Fund to the Advisor
as a Percentage of Average Net Assets for the
Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2009*

	<i>Class I</i>	<i>Class II</i>	<i>Class III</i>
VP Value	0.97%	0.87%	0.97%

Recent Events Affecting Investment Advisory Agreement

As part of a long-standing estate and business succession plan established by James E. Stowers, Jr., the founder of American Century Investments, Co-Chairman Richard W. Brown succeeded Mr. Stowers as trustee of a trust that holds a greater-than-25% voting interest in American Century Companies, Inc. (ACC), the parent corporation of the fund's advisor. Under the Investment Company Act of 1940, this is presumed to represent control of ACC even though it is less than a majority interest. The change of trustee may technically be considered a "change of control" of ACC and therefore also a change of control of the fund's advisor even though there has been no change to their management and none is anticipated. The "change of control" resulted in the assignment of the fund's investment advisory agreement. Under the Act, an assignment automatically terminated such agreement, making the approval of a new agreement necessary.

In light of these events, the fund's Board has approved an interim investment advisory agreement under which the fund will be managed until a new agreement is approved by fund shareholders. The interim agreement is substantially identical to the terminated agreement (with the exception of different effective and termination dates) and will not result in changes in the management of American Century Investments, the fund, its investment objectives, fees or services provided. A new agreement, also expected to be substantially identical to the terminated agreement, will be submitted for shareholder approval. More detailed information about these events, the agreement and the required shareholder approvals will be provided in a proxy statement to be provided to fund shareholders eligible to vote on the matter.

A discussion regarding the basis for the Board's approval of the terminated investment advisory agreement is available in the fund's report to shareholders dated June 30, 2009. A discussion regarding the basis for the Board's approval of the interim and proposed advisory agreements will be available in the fund's report to shareholders dated June 30, 2010.

The Fund Management Team

The advisor uses teams of portfolio managers and analysts to manage funds. The teams meet regularly to review portfolio holdings and discuss purchase and sale activity. Team members buy and sell securities for a fund as they see fit, guided by the fund's investment objective and strategy.

The portfolio managers on the investment team who are jointly and primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the fund are identified below.

Phillip N. Davidson

Mr. Davidson, Chief Investment Officer Value Equity, Senior Vice President and Senior Portfolio Manager, has been a member of the team that manages the fund since 1996. Prior to joining American Century Investments in 1993 as a portfolio manager, he spent 11 years at Boatmen's Trust Company in St. Louis and served as vice president and portfolio manager responsible for institutional value equity clients. He has a bachelor's degree in finance and an MBA from Illinois State University. He is a CFA charterholder.

Michael Liss

Mr. Liss, Vice President and Portfolio Manager, has been a member of the team that manages the fund since joining American Century Investments in 1998. He became a portfolio manager in 2004. He has a bachelor's degree in accounting and finance from Albright College and an MBA in finance from Indiana University. He is a CFA charterholder.

Kevin Toney

Mr. Toney, Vice President and Portfolio Manager, has been a member of the team that manages the fund since 2003. He joined American Century Investments in 1999 and became a portfolio manager in 2006. He has a bachelor's degree from the University of Virginia and an MBA from The Wharton School at the University of Pennsylvania. He is a CFA charterholder.

The statement of additional information provides additional information about the accounts managed by the portfolio managers, the structure of their compensation and their ownership of fund securities.

Fund Performance

VP Value has the same management team and investment policies as another fund in the American Century Investments family of funds. The fees and expenses of the funds are similar, and they are managed with substantially the same investment objectives and strategies. Notwithstanding these general similarities, this fund and the retail fund are separate mutual funds that have different investment performance. Differences in cash flows into the two funds, the size of their portfolios and specific investments held by the two funds, as well as the additional expenses of the insurance product, cause performance to differ.

Please consult the separate account prospectus for a description of the insurance product through which the fund is offered and its associated fees.

Fundamental Investment Policies

Fundamental investment policies contained in the statement of additional information and the investment objectives of the fund may not be changed without shareholder approval. The Board of Directors and/or the advisor may change any other policies and investment strategies.

Fees and Expenses

The fees and expenses set forth herein are those of the fund only; for the fees and expenses associated with your variable annuity or variable life insurance contract, please consult your insurance product prospectus.

Because this fund is offered as an investment option under certain types of insurance contracts, the insurance company offering the fund performs recordkeeping and administrative services for fund shareholders that would otherwise be performed by American Century Investments' transfer agent. In some circumstances, the advisor will pay the insurance company a fee for performing those services. Also, the advisor or the fund's distributor may make payments to insurance companies for various additional services, other expenses and/or the insurance companies' distribution of the fund out of their profits or other available sources. Such payments may be made for one or more of the following: (1) distribution, which may include expenses incurred by insurance companies for their sales activities with respect to the fund, such as preparing, printing and distributing sales literature and advertising materials and compensating registered representatives or other employees of such insurance companies for their sales activities, as well as the opportunity for the fund to be made available by such insurance companies; (2) shareholder services, such as providing individual and custom investment advisory services to clients of the insurance companies; and (3) marketing and promotional services, including business planning assistance, educating personnel about the fund, and sponsorship of sales meetings, which may include covering costs of providing speakers, meals and other entertainment. The distributor may sponsor seminars and conferences designed to educate insurance companies about the fund and may cover the expenses associated with attendance at such meetings, including travel costs. These payments and activities are intended to provide an incentive to insurance companies to sell the fund by educating them about the fund and helping defray the costs associated with offering the fund. Ask your salesperson or visit your insurance company's Web site for more information. The amount of any payments described by this paragraph is determined by the advisor or the distributor, and all such amounts are paid out of the available assets of the advisor and distributor, and not by you or the fund. As a result, the total expense ratio of the fund will not be affected by any such payments.

Share Price, Distributions and Taxes

Purchase and Redemption of Shares

The fund only offers shares through insurance company separate accounts. For instructions on how to purchase and redeem shares through your separate account, read the prospectus provided by your insurance company. Orders for fund shares will be priced at the net asset value next determined after the order is received in the form required by the agreement between the fund, its investment advisor and/or its distributor and the insurance company from which you have purchased your separate account. There are no sales commissions or redemption charges unless your shares are subject to a redemption fee, as described below. In addition, certain sales or deferred sales charges and other charges may apply to the variable annuity or life insurance contracts. Those charges are disclosed in the separate account prospectus.

Class III shares held for less than 60 days are subject to a redemption fee of 1.00%. The redemption fee will be retained by the fund to help cover transaction costs that long-term investors may bear when the fund sells securities to meet investor redemptions. The fee is intended to help prevent abusive trading practices, such as excessive short-term trading. See *Abusive Trading Practices* below.

The redemption fee does not apply to shares purchased through reinvested distributions (dividends and capital gains). The fund may not charge the redemption fee in certain situations deemed appropriate by American Century Investments.

We reserve the right to pay part or all of the proceeds for certain large redemptions in readily marketable securities instead of cash. A description of the requirements for large redemptions is included in the statement of additional information.

Abusive Trading Practices

Short-term trading and other so-called market timing practices are not defined or explicitly prohibited by any federal or state law. However, short-term trading and other abusive trading practices may disrupt portfolio management strategies and harm fund performance. If the cumulative amount of short-term trading activity is significant relative to a fund's net assets, the fund may incur trading costs that are higher than necessary as securities are first purchased then quickly sold to meet the redemption request. In such case, the fund's performance could be negatively impacted by the increased trading costs created by short-term trading if the additional trading costs are significant.

Because of the potentially harmful effects of abusive trading practices, the fund's Board of Directors has approved American Century Investments' abusive trading policies and procedures, which are designed to reduce the frequency and effect of these activities in our funds. These policies and procedures include monitoring trading activity, imposing trading restrictions on certain accounts, imposing redemption fees on certain funds, and using fair value pricing when current market prices are not readily available. Although these efforts are designed to discourage abusive trading practices, they cannot eliminate the possibility that such activity will occur. American Century Investments seeks to exercise its judgment in implementing these tools to the best of its ability in a manner that it believes is consistent with shareholder interests.

American Century Investments' policies do not permit us to enter into arrangements with fund shareholders that permit such shareholders to engage in frequent purchases and redemptions of fund shares. American Century Investments monitors aggregate trades placed in insurance company separate accounts and works with each insurance company to identify investors engaging in abusive trading practices and to impose restrictions to discourage such practices. Pursuant to Rule 22c-2 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, American Century Investments and each insurance company that uses an American Century Variable Portfolios, Inc. or American Century Variable Portfolios II, Inc. fund as an underlying investment vehicle has entered into an information sharing agreement that obligates the insurance company to: (i) provide certain information regarding shareholder transactions to American Century Investments upon its request; and (ii) impose restrictions on shareholder transactions when instructed by American Century Investments. Because American Century Investments relies on each insurance company to provide information and impose restrictions, our ability to monitor and discourage abusive trading may be dependent on the insurance company's timely performance of such duties. As a heightened measure for the fund, the board has approved the imposition of a redemption fee for Class III shares held less than a specified number of days. See *Purchase and Redemption of Shares* under *Share Price, Distributions and Taxes* for a complete description of the redemption fee applicable to the fund.

Modifying or Canceling an Investment

Investment instructions are irrevocable. That means that once you have mailed or otherwise transmitted your investment instruction, you may not modify or cancel it. The fund reserves the right to suspend the offering of shares for a period of time, and to reject any specific investment (including a purchase by exchange). Additionally, we may refuse a purchase if, in our judgment, it is of a size that would disrupt the management of the fund.

Right to Change Policies

We reserve the right to change any stated investment requirement, including those that relate to purchases, exchanges and redemptions. We also may alter, add or discontinue any service or privilege. Changes may affect all investors or only those in certain classes or groups. In addition, from time to time we may waive a policy on a case-by-case basis, as the advisor deems appropriate.

Share Price

American Century Investments will price the fund shares you purchase, exchange or redeem at the net asset value (NAV) next determined after your order is received in good order by the fund's transfer agent, or other financial intermediary with the authority to accept orders on the fund's behalf. We determine the NAV of each fund as of the close of regular trading (usually 4 p.m. Eastern time) on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) on each day the NYSE is open. On days when the NYSE is closed (including certain U.S. national holidays), we do not calculate the NAV. A fund's NAV is the current value of the fund's assets, minus any liabilities, divided by the number of shares outstanding.

The fund values portfolio securities for which market quotations are readily available at their market price. As a general rule, equity securities listed on a U.S. exchange are valued at the last current reported sale price as of the time of valuation. Securities listed on the NASDAQ National Market System (Nasdaq) are valued at the Nasdaq Official Closing Price (NOCP), as determined by Nasdaq, or lacking an NOCP, at the last current reported sale price as of the time of valuation. The fund may use third party pricing services to assist in the determination of market value. Unlisted securities for which market quotations are readily available are valued at the last quoted sale price or the last quoted ask price, as applicable, except that debt obligations with 60 days or less remaining until maturity may be valued at amortized cost. Exchange-traded options, futures and options on futures are valued at the settlement price as determined by the appropriate clearing corporation.

If the fund determines that the market price for a portfolio security is not readily available or that the valuation methods mentioned above do not reflect the security's fair value, such security is valued as determined in good faith by the fund's board or its designee, in accordance with procedures adopted by the fund's board. Circumstances that may cause the fund to use alternate procedures to value a security include, but are not limited to:

- if, after the close of the foreign exchange on which a portfolio security is principally traded, but before the close of the NYSE, an event occurs that may materially affect the value of the security;
- a debt security has been declared in default; or
- trading in a security has been halted during the trading day.

If such circumstances occur, the fund will fair value the security if the fair valuation would materially impact the fund's NAV. While fair value determinations involve judgments that are inherently subjective, these determinations are made in good faith in accordance with procedures adopted by the fund's board.

The effect of using fair value determinations is that the fund's NAV will be based, to some degree, on security valuations that the board or its designee believes are fair rather than being solely determined by the market.

With respect to any portion of the fund's assets that are invested in one or more open-end management investment companies that are registered with the SEC (known as registered investment companies, or RICs), the fund's NAV will be calculated based upon the NAVs of such RICs. These RICs are required by law to explain the circumstances under which they will use fair value pricing and the effects of using fair value pricing in their prospectuses.

Securities and other assets quoted in foreign currencies are valued in U.S. dollars based on the prevailing exchange rates on that day.

Trading of securities in foreign markets may not take place every day the NYSE is open. Also, trading in some foreign markets and on some electronic trading networks may take place on weekends or holidays when the fund's NAV is not calculated. So, the value of the fund's portfolio may be affected on days when you will not be able to purchase, exchange or redeem fund shares.

Distributions

Federal tax laws require the fund to make distributions to its shareholders in order to qualify as a regulated investment company. Qualification as a regulated investment company means the fund should not be subject to state or federal income tax on amounts distributed. The distributions generally consist of dividends and interest received by the fund, as well as *capital gains* realized by the fund on the sale of its investment securities. The fund pays distributions of substantially all of its income quarterly. Distributions from realized capital gains, if any, are paid once a year in March. The fund may make more frequent distributions, if necessary, to comply with Internal Revenue Code provisions.

Capital gains are increases in the values of capital assets, such as stock, from the time the assets are purchased.

You will participate in fund distributions, when they are declared, starting on the next business day after your purchase is effective. For example, if you purchase shares on a day that a distribution is declared, you will not receive that distribution. If you redeem shares, you will receive any distribution declared on the day you redeem. If you redeem all shares, we will include any distributions received with your redemption proceeds. All distributions from the fund will be invested in additional shares.

Provided that all shareholders agree, the fund may utilize the consent dividend provision of Internal Revenue Code Section 565 which treats the income earned by the fund as distributed to the shareholders as of the end of the taxable year.

Taxes

Consult the prospectus of your insurance company separate account for a discussion of the tax status of your variable contract.

Multiple Class Information

The fund offers multiple classes of shares. All classes are offered exclusively to insurance companies to fund their obligations under the variable annuity and variable life contracts purchased by their clients.

Class I and Class III have the same fees and expenses, with one exception. Class III shares are subject to a redemption fee (see *Purchase and Redemption of Shares* under *Share Price, Distributions and Taxes*). Class II shares have different fees and expenses. The difference in the fee structures between the classes is the result of their separate arrangements for distribution services. It is not the result of any difference in advisory or custodial fees or other expenses related to the management of the fund's assets, which do not vary by class. Different fees and expenses will affect performance.

Except as described below, all classes of shares of the fund have identical voting, dividend, liquidation and other rights, preferences, terms and conditions. The only differences among the classes are (a) each class may be subject to different expenses specific to that class; (b) each class has a different identifying designation or name; (c) each class has exclusive voting rights with respect to matters solely affecting that class; and (d) each class may have different exchange privileges.

Rule 12b-1 Fees

Investment Company Act Rule 12b-1 permits mutual funds that adopt a written plan to pay certain expenses associated with the distribution of their shares out of fund assets. The fund's Class II shares have a 12b-1 plan. Under the plan, the fund's Class II pays the distributor an annual fee of 0.25% of Class II average net assets for distribution services, including past distribution services. The distributor pays all or a portion of such fees to the insurance companies that make Class II shares available. Because these fees are used to pay for services that are not related to prospective sales of the fund, the class will continue to make payments under its plan even if it is closed to new investors. Because these fees are paid out of the fund's assets on an ongoing basis, over time these fees will increase the cost of your investment and may cost you more than paying other types of sales charges. For additional information about the plan and its terms, see *Multiple Class Structure* in the statement of additional information.

Financial Highlights

Understanding the Financial Highlights

The tables on the next few pages itemize what contributed to the changes in share price during the most recently ended fiscal year. They also show the changes in share price for this period in comparison to changes over the last five fiscal years.

On a per-share basis, each table includes as appropriate

- share price at the beginning of the period
- investment income and capital gains or losses
- distributions of income and capital gains paid to investors
- share price at the end of the period

Each table also includes some key statistics for the period as appropriate

- **Total Return** – the overall percentage of return of the fund, assuming the reinvestment of all distributions
- **Expense Ratio** – the operating expenses of the fund as a percentage of average net assets
- **Net Income Ratio** – the net investment income of the fund as a percentage of average net assets
- **Portfolio Turnover** – the percentage of the fund's investment portfolio that is replaced during the period

The Financial Highlights that follow have been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP. Their Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm and the financial statements and financial highlights are included in the fund's annual report, which is available upon request.

VP Value Fund

Class I

For a Share Outstanding Throughout the Years Ended December 31

	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Per-Share Data					
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$4.68	\$7.47	\$8.74	\$8.20	\$8.75
Income From Investment Operations					
Net Investment Income (Loss) ⁽¹⁾	0.11	0.14	0.13	0.13	0.13
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss)	0.75	(1.93)	(0.54)	1.26	0.28
Total From Investment Operations	0.86	(1.79)	(0.41)	1.39	0.41
Distributions					
From Net Investment Income	(0.26)	(0.16)	(0.14)	(0.12)	(0.08)
From Net Realized Gains	—	(0.84)	(0.72)	(0.73)	(0.88)
Total Distributions	(0.26)	(1.00)	(0.86)	(0.85)	(0.96)
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$5.28	\$4.68	\$7.47	\$8.74	\$8.20
Total Return⁽²⁾	19.86%	(26.78)%	(5.14)%	18.65%	5.03%

Ratios/Supplemental Data

Ratio of Operating Expenses to Average Net Assets	0.97%	0.95%	0.93%	0.93%	0.93%
Ratio of Net Investment Income (Loss) to Average Net Assets	2.31%	2.46%	1.65%	1.58%	1.66%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	54%	111%	152%	132%	133%
Net Assets, End of Period (in thousands)	\$673,058	\$797,196	\$1,470,148	\$1,971,620	\$2,297,418

¹ Computed using average shares outstanding throughout the period.

² Total return assumes reinvestment of net investment income and capital gains distributions, if any. The total return of the classes may not precisely reflect the class expense differences because of the impact of calculating the net asset values to two decimal places. If net asset values were calculated to three decimal places, the total return differences would more closely reflect the class expense differences. The calculation of net asset values to two decimal places is made in accordance with SEC guidelines and does not result in any gain or loss of value between one class and another.

VP Value Fund

Class II

For a Share Outstanding Throughout the Years Ended December 31

	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Per-Share Data					
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$4.68	\$7.46	\$8.73	\$8.19	\$8.74
Income From Investment Operations					
Net Investment Income (Loss) ⁽¹⁾	0.10	0.14	0.12	0.12	0.12
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss)	0.76	(1.93)	(0.54)	1.25	0.27
Total From Investment Operations	0.86	(1.79)	(0.42)	1.37	0.39
Distributions					
From Net Investment Income	(0.25)	(0.15)	(0.13)	(0.10)	(0.06)
From Net Realized Gains	—	(0.84)	(0.72)	(0.73)	(0.88)
Total Distributions	(0.25)	(0.99)	(0.85)	(0.83)	(0.94)
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$5.29	\$4.68	\$7.46	\$8.73	\$8.19
Total Return⁽²⁾	19.72%	(26.80)%	(5.31)%	18.46%	4.85%

Ratios/Supplemental Data

Ratio of Operating Expenses to Average Net Assets	1.12%	1.10%	1.08%	1.08%	1.08%
Ratio of Net Investment Income (Loss) to Average Net Assets	2.16%	2.31%	1.50%	1.43%	1.51%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	54%	111%	152%	132%	133%
Net Assets, End of Period (in thousands)	\$480,382	\$442,933	\$765,324	\$840,512	\$648,071

¹ Computed using average shares outstanding throughout the period.

² Total return assumes reinvestment of net investment income and capital gains distributions, if any. The total return of the classes may not precisely reflect the class expense differences because of the impact of calculating the net asset values to two decimal places. If net asset values were calculated to three decimal places, the total return differences would more closely reflect the class expense differences. The calculation of net asset values to two decimal places is made in accordance with SEC guidelines and does not result in any gain or loss of value between one class and another.

VP Value Fund

Class III

For a Share Outstanding Throughout the Years Ended December 31

	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Per-Share Data					
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$4.68	\$7.47	\$8.74	\$8.20	\$8.75
Income From Investment Operations					
Net Investment Income (Loss) ⁽¹⁾	0.11	0.14	0.13	0.13	0.13
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss)	0.75	(1.93)	(0.54)	1.26	0.28
Total From Investment Operations	0.86	(1.79)	(0.41)	1.39	0.41
Distributions					
From Net Investment Income	(0.26)	(0.16)	(0.14)	(0.12)	(0.08)
From Net Realized Gains	—	(0.84)	(0.72)	(0.73)	(0.88)
Total Distributions	(0.26)	(1.00)	(0.86)	(0.85)	(0.96)
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$5.28	\$4.68	\$7.47	\$8.74	\$8.20
Total Return⁽²⁾	19.86%	(26.78)%	(5.14)%	18.65%	5.03%

Ratios/Supplemental Data

Ratio of Operating Expenses to Average Net Assets	0.97%	0.95%	0.93%	0.93%	0.93%
Ratio of Net Investment Income (Loss) to Average Net Assets	2.31%	2.46%	1.65%	1.58%	1.66%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	54%	111%	152%	132%	133%
Net Assets, End of Period (in thousands)	\$6,049	\$6,191	\$10,381	\$16,931	\$8,750

¹ Computed using average shares outstanding throughout the period.

² Total return assumes reinvestment of net investment income and capital gains distributions, if any. The total return of the classes may not precisely reflect the class expense differences because of the impact of calculating the net asset values to two decimal places. If net asset values were calculated to three decimal places, the total return differences would more closely reflect the class expense differences. The calculation of net asset values to two decimal places is made in accordance with SEC guidelines and does not result in any gain or loss of value between one class and another.

Where to Find More Information

Annual and Semiannual Reports

Annual and semiannual reports contain more information about the fund's investments and the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the fund's performance during the most recent fiscal period. This prospectus incorporates by reference the Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm and the financial statements included in the fund's annual report to shareholders, dated December 31, 2009.

Statement of Additional Information (SAI)

The SAI contains a more detailed legal description of the fund's operations, investment restrictions, policies and practices. The SAI is incorporated by reference into this prospectus. This means that it is legally part of this prospectus, even if you don't request a copy.

You may obtain a free copy of the SAI, annual reports and semiannual reports by contacting American Century Investments at the address or telephone numbers listed below, or online at americancentury.com/funds/vp_fund_reports.jsp. You may also ask questions about the fund or your accounts by contacting the insurance company through which you purchased the fund.

The SEC

You also can get information about the fund (including the SAI) from the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The SEC charges a duplicating fee to provide copies of this information.

In person SEC Public Reference Room
Washington, D.C.
Call 202-551-8090 for location and hours.

On the Internet • EDGAR database at www.sec.gov
• By email request at publicinfo@sec.gov

By mail SEC Public Reference Section
Washington, D.C. 20549-1520

This prospectus shall not constitute an offer to sell securities of the fund in any state, territory, or other jurisdiction where the fund's shares have not been registered or qualified for sale, unless such registration or qualification is not required, or under any circumstances in which such offer or solicitation would be unlawful.

Investment Company Act File No. 811-5188

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